

YOUTUBE ANALYSIS USING MACHINE LEARNING

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Abstract *YouTube Analysis Using Machine Learning is a machine learning-based system designed to analyze YouTube video and channel data to identify patterns, trends, and factors that influence video performance. The system collects relevant information such as video views, likes, comments, duration, publication time, category, engagement rate, and subscriber-related statistics. The collected data is preprocessed to remove inconsistencies and transformed into meaningful features for analysis. Machine learning algorithms such as Linear Regression, Random Forest, Decision Tree, and K-Means Clustering can be applied to predict video performance, classify videos based on engagement levels, and identify groups of similar content. The system can also analyze audience engagement and determine which factors contribute to higher views and interactions. The proposed approach helps content creators, marketers, and researchers understand YouTube trends and make data-driven decisions for improving content performance. The system provides an efficient analytical framework for extracting useful insights from large-scale YouTube data.*

1. INTRODUCTION

YouTube has become one of the largest online video-sharing platforms, generating massive amounts of data through video views, likes, comments, shares, subscribers, and engagement activities. Analyzing this data manually is difficult because of its large

volume and continuously changing nature. YouTube Analysis Using Machine Learning focuses on applying machine learning techniques to analyze YouTube video data and identify useful patterns related to audience engagement and video performance.

The proposed system collects relevant information such as video title, category, views, likes, comments, publication date, duration, and channel statistics. Machine learning algorithms are then applied to process the collected data, identify important factors affecting video popularity, classify videos based on performance, and predict possible engagement levels. Data preprocessing, feature selection, visualization, and predictive modeling are used to improve the quality of analysis.

This system can help content creators, marketers, and channel administrators understand audience behavior and make data-driven decisions. By identifying trends and predicting video performance, creators can improve content strategies, select suitable topics, and increase audience engagement. Thus, machine learning provides an efficient approach for transforming large-scale YouTube data into meaningful insights and predictions

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

The growth of YouTube and other online video platforms has generated a large amount of user and content-related data. Researchers have increasingly applied data mining, machine learning, and statistical analysis techniques to understand video popularity, audience engagement, and content trends. Existing studies mainly focus on predicting video views, identifying factors that influence popularity, analyzing comments, and classifying videos according to their performance.

Several studies have investigated the factors responsible for YouTube video popularity. Features such as number of views, likes, dislikes, comments, subscribers, video duration, upload time, category, and engagement rate have been analyzed to determine their relationship with video performance. Machine learning algorithms such as Linear Regression, Decision Trees, Random Forest, Support Vector Machines, and Gradient Boosting have been used to predict views and engagement. These studies demonstrate that combining multiple video and channel features can improve prediction accuracy.

Sentiment analysis has also been widely applied to YouTube comments. Natural Language Processing techniques are used to classify comments into positive, negative, and neutral sentiments. Researchers have shown that comment sentiment can provide useful information about audience opinions and reactions to video content. However, challenges such as slang, spelling variations, emojis, short comments, and multilingual

content can affect classification performance.

Other research has focused on video trend and popularity prediction. Historical data from videos can be used to identify patterns associated with trending content. Classification algorithms can categorize videos into different performance levels, while regression models can estimate future views or engagement. These approaches help content creators understand which characteristics are more likely to contribute to successful videos.

Recent studies have also explored ensemble learning and deep learning for social-media data analysis. Algorithms such as Random Forest, XGBoost, Artificial Neural Networks, and deep learning models can capture complex relationships between different features. Although these techniques can provide better predictive performance, they generally require larger datasets, appropriate feature engineering, and greater computational resources.

Overall, the literature indicates that machine learning can effectively support YouTube video performance analysis, popularity prediction, audience sentiment analysis, and trend identification. However, many existing approaches concentrate on a single aspect of YouTube data. The proposed YouTube Analysis Using Machine Learning system aims to integrate multiple analytical features, including video statistics, engagement metrics, classification, and prediction, to provide a more comprehensive understanding of YouTube content performance.

3. EXISTING SYSTEM

The existing YouTube analysis systems mainly depend on basic statistical analysis and manually available YouTube analytics to understand video performance. Users generally examine metrics such as **views, likes, comments, subscribers, watch time, and engagement** to evaluate the popularity of a video. Some existing platforms provide charts and dashboards, but they mainly display historical information rather than performing advanced prediction or automated analysis.

In traditional approaches, video performance is analyzed using simple calculations, spreadsheets, or basic visualization tools. Sentiment analysis of comments and prediction of future video performance are often handled separately. These systems may not effectively identify complex relationships between different video features and audience engagement. As a result, content creators may find it difficult to determine which factors contribute most to video popularity.

Disadvantages of Existing System

- **Limited prediction capability:** Most systems mainly display existing statistics without accurately predicting future video performance.
- **Manual analysis:** Users often need to manually examine views, likes, comments, and other metrics.
- **Difficulty handling large datasets:** Traditional methods are less efficient when analyzing large volumes of YouTube data.

- **Limited audience analysis:** Basic analytics may not provide detailed insights into audience sentiment and behavior.
- **Lack of integrated machine learning:** Different analytical tasks are often performed independently rather than through a unified ML-based system.
- **Poor trend identification:** Identifying emerging trends manually can be time-consuming and unreliable.
- **Limited decision support:** Existing systems provide statistics but may not provide meaningful recommendations based on the analyzed data.

4. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed **YouTube Analysis Using Machine Learning** system is designed to automatically analyze YouTube video data and generate meaningful insights about video performance, audience engagement, and popularity. The system uses machine learning algorithms to process features such as views, likes, comments, subscribers, video duration, category, publication date, and engagement metrics. Data preprocessing and feature selection are performed before applying suitable machine learning models for classification and prediction.

The system can analyze historical YouTube data to identify patterns that influence video popularity. Based on these patterns, machine learning models can classify videos according to their performance and predict

- **Scalable approach:** The system can be extended with additional datasets, features, and advanced ML algorithms.
- **Improved content strategy:** Provides useful insights that can help creators improve audience engagement and video performance.

5. RESULTS

- # YouTube Data Analysis using Hadoop and Spark

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface in a web browser. The notebook is titled "YoutubeDataAnalysis" and has a checkpoint 3 hours ago. The code is as follows:

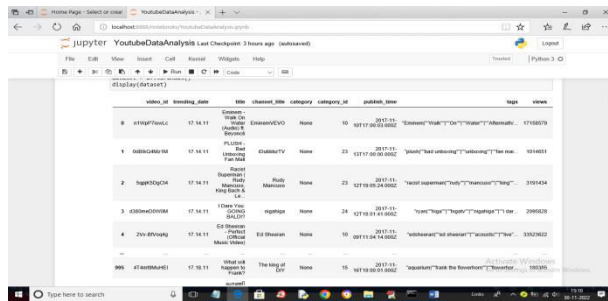
```
[In 136]: #Importing require python packages
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import json
import random as rnd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from IPython.display import display
import sys
from collections import Counter
from wordcloud import WordCloud
from pySpark import SparkSession, SparkContext
import operator
import re

# In 137: spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("HW5").getOrCreate()
sparkContext = SparkContext.getOrCreate(sparkContext); sqlContext = sparkContext.sqlContext
sparkContext.setLogLevel("WARN")
rdd = spark.read.option("header", "true").csv("file:///C:/Users/rohit/Desktop/Spark/VideoData/video_info.csv")
display(rdd.take(5))
```

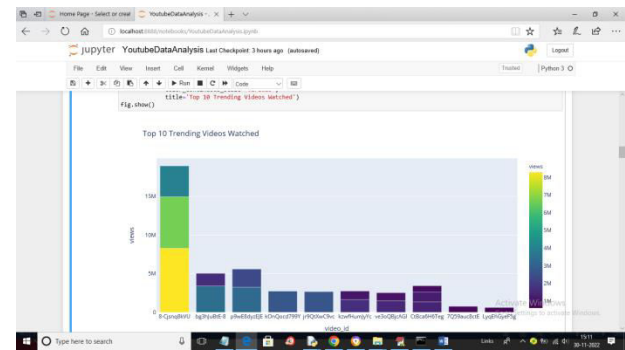
The output of the second cell is a table with 5 columns: video_id, trending_date, title, channel_name, category, category_id, and publish_time. The first five rows of data are shown:

video_id	trending_date	title	channel_name	category	category_id	publish_time
8_47P89WZ6U	17-04-11	Emotional Ride On The Edge	EmotionaRide	Music	10	2017-04-11T00:00:00Z
8_47P89WZ6U	17-04-11	Emotional Ride On The Edge	EmotionaRide	Music	10	2017-04-11T00:00:00Z
8_47P89WZ6U	17-04-11	Emotional Ride On The Edge	EmotionaRide	Music	10	2017-04-11T00:00:00Z
8_47P89WZ6U	17-04-11	Emotional Ride On The Edge	EmotionaRide	Music	10	2017-04-11T00:00:00Z
8_47P89WZ6U	17-04-11	Emotional Ride On The Edge	EmotionaRide	Music	10	2017-04-11T00:00:00Z

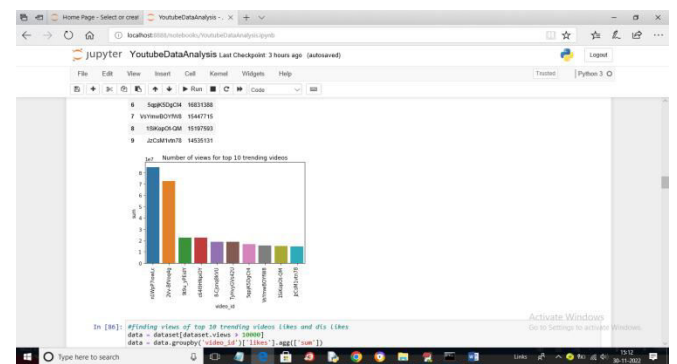
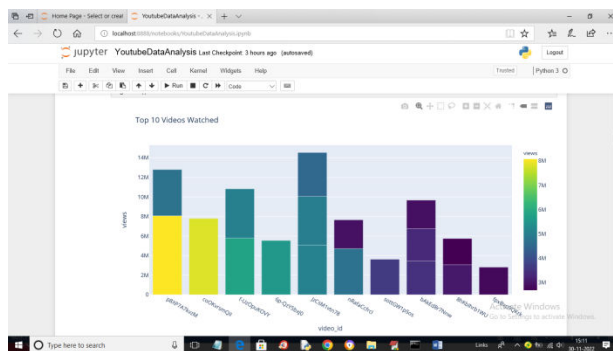
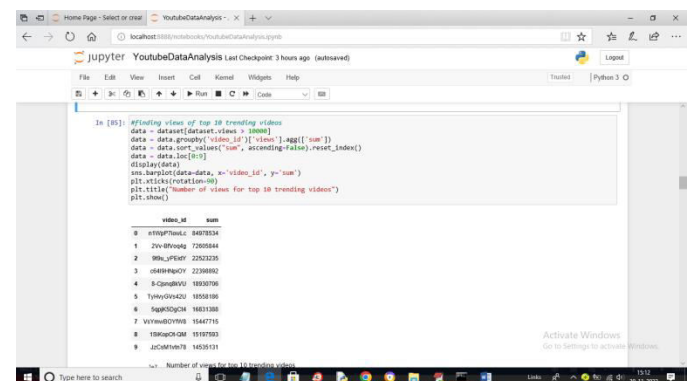
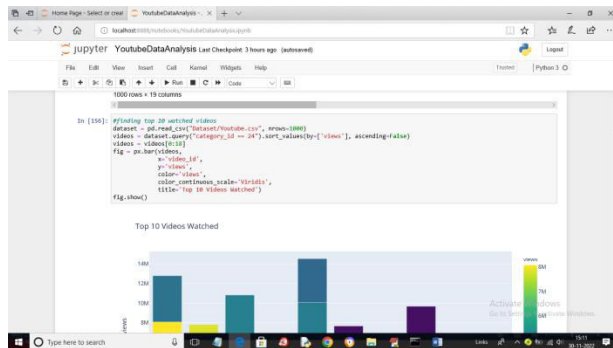
In above screen we are importing require python packages and then using SPARK class we are loading dataset and then in below screen we are displaying loaded dataset values



In above screen dataset loaded and displaying

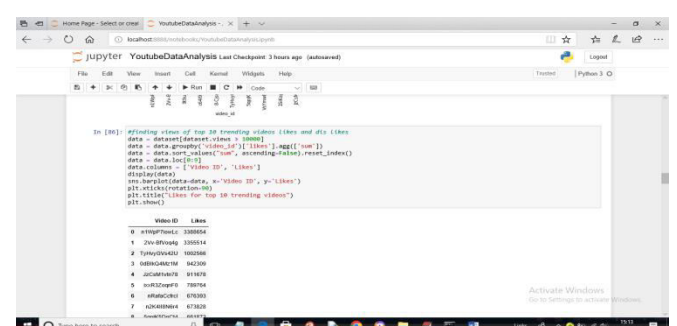
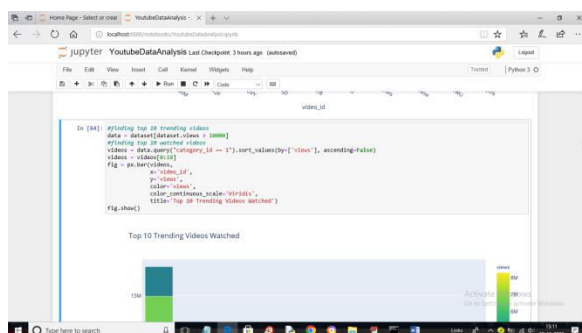


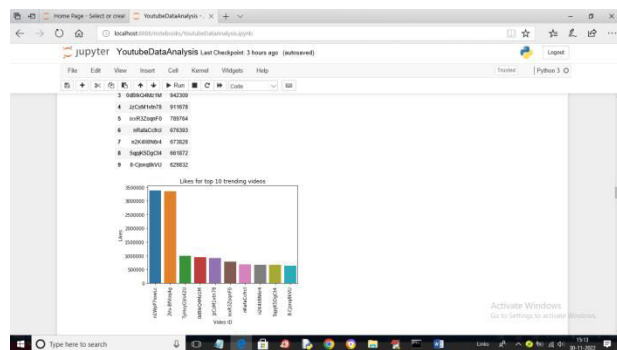
In above screen we are showing TOP 10 trending videos



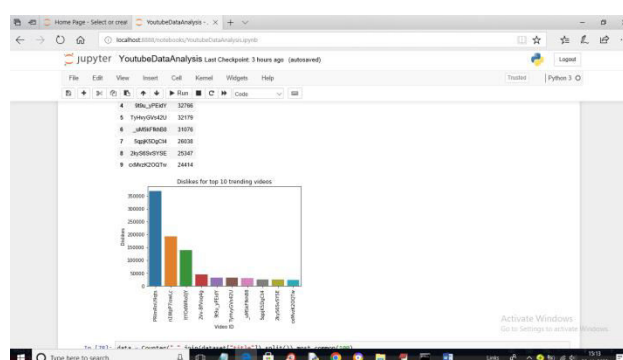
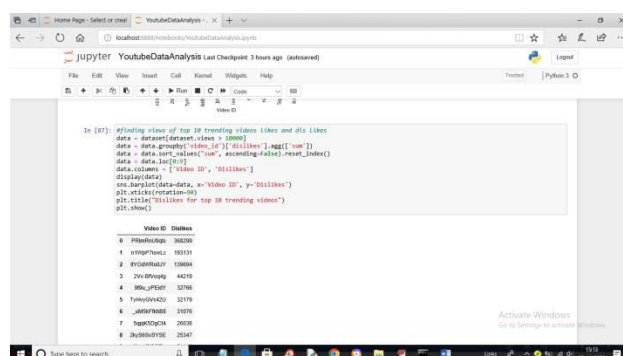
In above 2 screen we are showing code and output of top 10 watched videos where x-axis contains video ID and y-axis represents COUNT

In above two screens we are finding views of top 10 trending videos

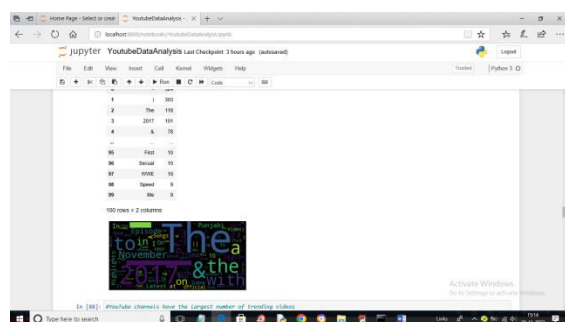




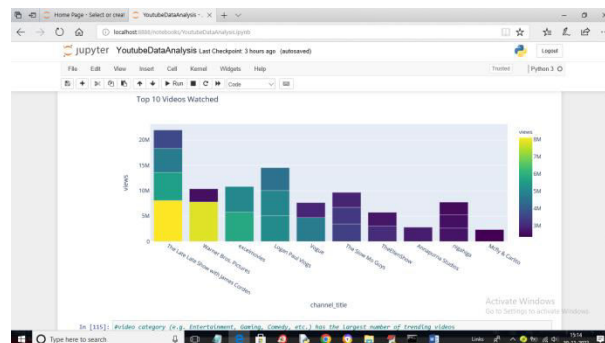
In above screen we are showing graph and code for top 10 trending Videos LIKES



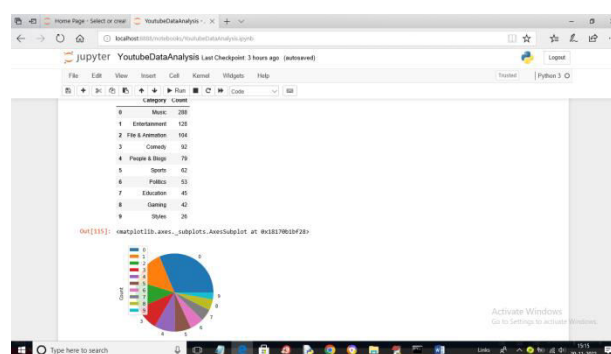
In above screen we are plotting DISLIKES graph for trending videos



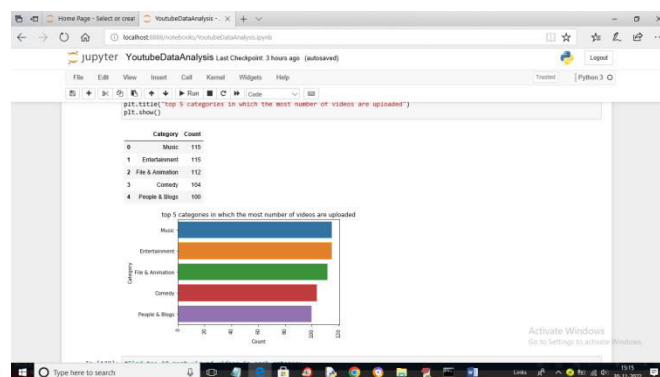
In above screen we are plotting and displaying count of most common words



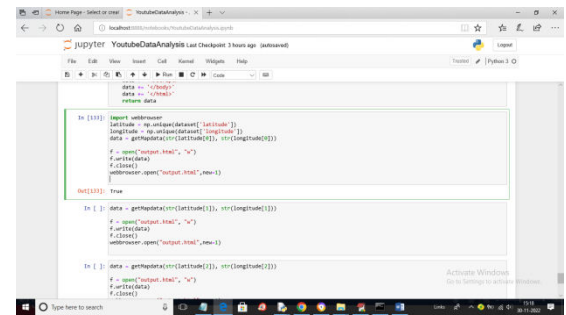
In above graph we are showing TOP 10 channels watched



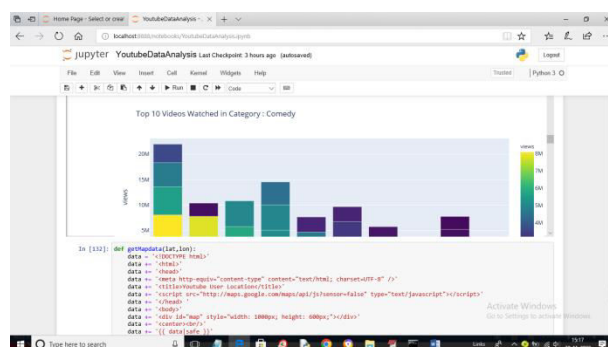
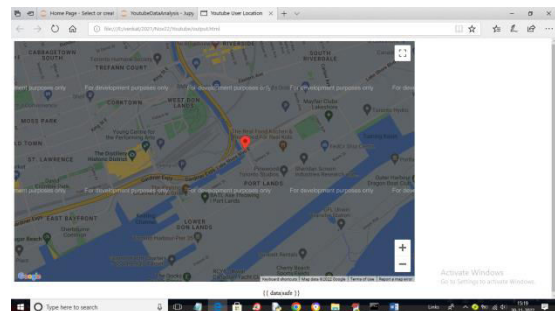
In above graph we are showing largest trending videos based on category



In above screen showing top 5 categories videos uploaded



In above screen run each block to view user location MAP like below screen



The integration of **machine learning and sentiment analysis** also helps understand audience reactions through comments and engagement metrics. The system reduces the need for manual analysis and provides faster, data-driven insights for content creators and analysts. Overall, the proposed

system demonstrates how machine learning can be used to transform YouTube data into meaningful information that supports better content planning, audience engagement, and performance improvement.

References:

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13. [Scikit-learn Documentation](#)
14. [Pandas Documentation](#)
15. [NumPy Documentation](#)